| CHART #1 | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|---------------------------------|
| RANKING MOTIONS— and their five salient parliamentary points. The order in which the thirteen motions are listed. | | Must be Seconded | May be Debated | May be Amended | Vote | May be Reconsidered |
| FIVE PRIVILEGED MOTIONS | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 13. | To Fix the Time to Which to Adjourn | Yes | No | Yes | Maj | Yes |
| 12. | To Adjourn | Yes | No | No | Maj | No |
| 11. | To Take a Recess | Yes | No | Yes | Maj | No |
| 10. | Question of Privilege | No | No | No | - | No |
| 9. | Call for Orders of the Day | No | No | No | _ | No |
| SEVEN SUBSIDIARY MOTIONS | | | | | | |
| 8. | Lay on Table | Yes | No | No | Maj | No |
| 7. | Previous Questions | Yes | No | No | 2/3 | Yes |
| 6. | Modify Debate | Yes | No | Yes | 2/3 | Yes |
| 5. | To Postpone Definitely | Yes | Yes | Yes | Maj | Yes |
| 4. | To Commit or Recommit | Yes | Yes* | Yes | Maj | Yes |
| 3. | To Amend | Yes | Yes | Yes | Maj | Yes |
| 2. | Postpone Indefinitely | Yes | Yes | No | Maj | Yes Affirm- ative Only |
| 1. | MAIN MOTION | Yes | Yes | Yes | Maj | Yes |

Examples of

Incidental Main Motions: Rescind

Ratify

Amend B-Laws

*only re. desirability of referral or details of referral. The merits of the question *cannot* be debated.

NON-RANKING May be Reconsidered MOTIONS-and their five salient parliamentary May be Amended Must be Seconded points. These motions May be Debated (incidental motions) have Vote no rank among themselves. Their being in order depends upon their 2 5 1 3 4 necessity at the time. Appeal Yes Yes No Maj Yes 2/3 Suspend Rules No No Yes No Point of Order, No No No Mod No Call to Order Objection to Consideration Yes No No 2/3 No No Vote of a Question Requests No No No Maj No Division of Assembly No No No No To Read a Paper Yes No No Maj Yes To Withdraw a Motion (to Yes No No No Maj No Vote be used only before debate) To Divide the Question Yes No Yes Maj No To Close Nominations 2/3 No Yes No Yes or Polls To Consider Seriatim No Yes No Yes Maj TO UNCLASSIFIED **MOTIONS** Reconsider Yes Yes No Maj No To Take From the Table° No Maj No Yes No Rescind Yes Yes Yes Neg Maj

- # same Presbytery meeting
- * with previous notice

CHART #2

- $^{\circ}$ before the end of the next regular Presbytery meeting
- ** if main motion is debatable
- Neither the chart nor references are inclusive but are to be used as an abridgement of Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised.

Motion Basics

STEPS OF THE MOTION

- 1. Commissioner rises and addresses the Moderator.
- 2. *Moderator* recognizes commissioner and grants the floor.
- 3. Commissioner makes motion. (Commissioner may not debate before the motion is seconded.)
- 4. Another commissioner seconds the motion without recognition from the moderator.
- **5.** *Moderator* states the motion.
- **6.** *Moderator* calls for debate. (Maker of the motion has the privilege of first debate.) All speakers must address the moderator and be recognized by the moderator.
- 7. *Moderator* states the motion.
- **8.** *Moderator* takes the vote and announces the vote and the results of the vote.
- **9.** *Moderator* states the next order of business.

SEVEN USEFUL MOTIONS

- **1. Amend.** There are *only* three forms of simple amendment.
 - a. to delete or strike out
 - b. to add or insert
 - c. to strike out and insert

The words proposed for deletion or addition *must be consecutive words*. When the amendment does not involve consecutive words or is longer than a paragraph, the motions "to substitute" (a form of amendment) is used. This is a difficult motion and should *never* be used when the simple form of amendment can be used.

- 2. **Commit or Refer.** To commit or refer back to committee for further study and amendment allows the consultative process to be used in greater depth. When this motion is made, it needs to state clearly what committee; appointment of the committee, if necessary; the task of the committee; and report time.
- 3. **Postpone to a Particular Time.** This motion takes precedence over the preceding two and has the power to grant additional time to a particular member or committee or do further study or consultation. It should always be used in preference to "table" because it permits debate on the propriety of postponement.
- 4. Limits on Debate. The assembly always has the power, and the moderator the right of suggestion, to limit debate to a particular hour, or extend or shorten speeches according to the necessity of the moment. Limits on the length of speeches are advisable in instances where the issue before the assembly is highly divisive and many members wish to speak.
- **5. Previous Question.** The maker of the motion "to move the previous question" (close debate and immediately take the vote) must be recognized by the moderator and the motion must receive a second. *It is never in order when called from the floor.* This motion should never be considered when it is used to prevent legitimate debate.
- **6.** Lay on the Table. This motion is seldom necessary. The motion "to postpone" is always preferable because of its lower rank and its debatability. Misuse of this subsidiary motion can be a strategy that seriously abridges the rights of the assembly because of its high rank and its adoption by a majority vote without debate. The moderator is obliged to explain carefully to the assembly the implications of this motion should it be made.
- 7. Consideration by Paragraph or Seriatim. Consideration by paragraph or seriatim is an incidental motion that may be suggested by the moderator or any two members of the assembly, allowing for orderly consideration of a complex proposal with several different parts, clarifying for the assembly the controversial aspects of the proposal. Each paragraph of the proposal can be amended without finally adopting the new wording until the final action on the main motion as amended.

(Adapted from Parliamentary Procedures in the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.) by Marianne L. Wolfe, P.R.P.)